

Nonlinear Dynamics And Quantum Entanglement In Hydrogen Bonded Crystals

Neutron scattering

Protons

Spins

Ground state

Proton oscillator mass
Normal coordinates
Proton transfer
Proton tunnelling

Quantum entanglement
EPR non-locality
Decoherence-forbidden
states
Schrödinger's Cat
Quantum Measurement

F. Fillaux, Physica D **113** (1998) 172 

S. Ikeda and F. Fillaux, Phys. Rev. B **59** (1999) 4134 

F. Fillaux, A. Cousson and D. A. Keen, Phys. Rev. B **67**, 054301 (2003) 

$$i\hbar \frac{d}{dt} |\Psi\rangle = H |\Psi\rangle$$

Decoherence

THE BORDER TERRITORY

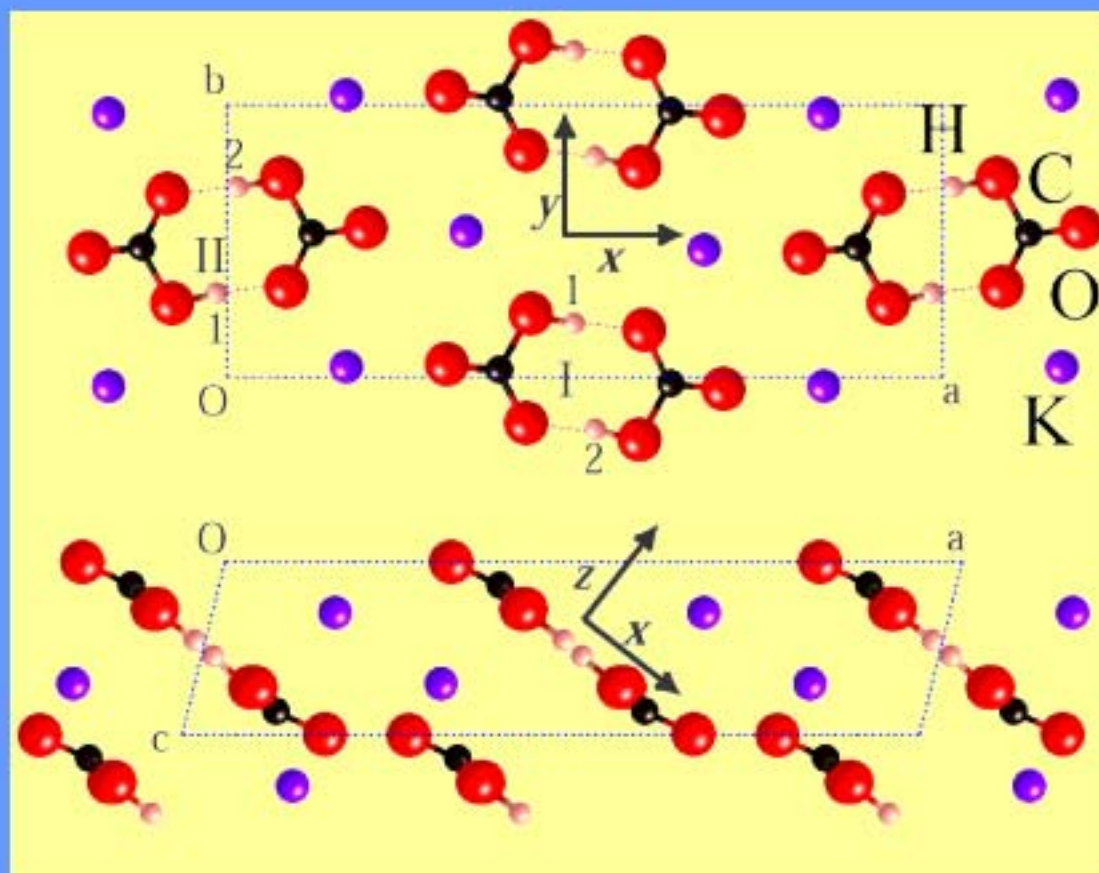
QUANTUM DOMAIN

CLASSICAL DOMAIN



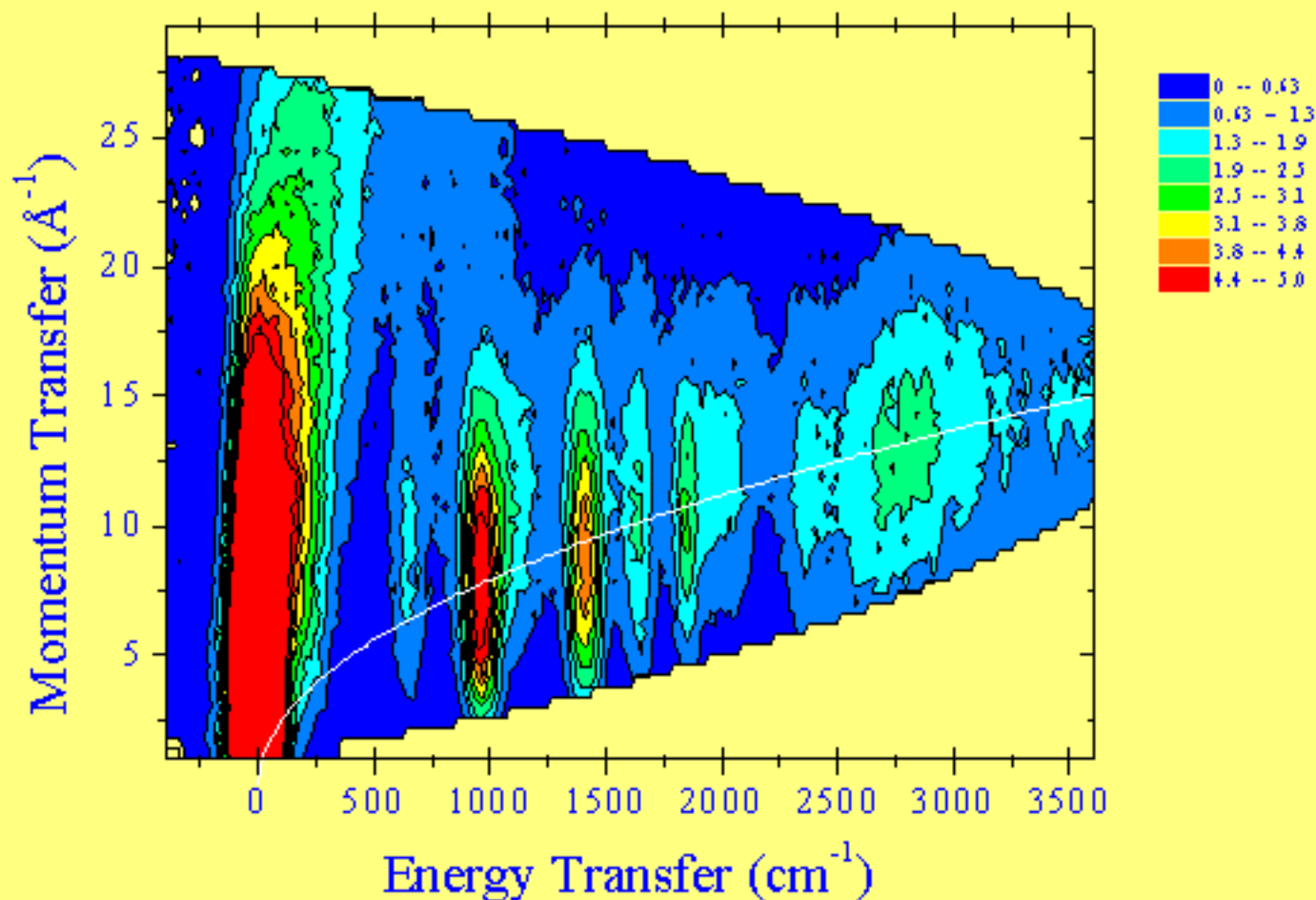
W. H. Zurek, Los Alamos Science, 27 (2002) 2.

Centrosymmetric dimers in the KHCO_3 crystal



$$T = 14 \text{ K}$$
$$a = 15.06 \text{ \AA}, b = 5.57 \text{ \AA}, c = 3.65 \text{ \AA}, \beta = 103.97^\circ$$

KHCO_3 INS

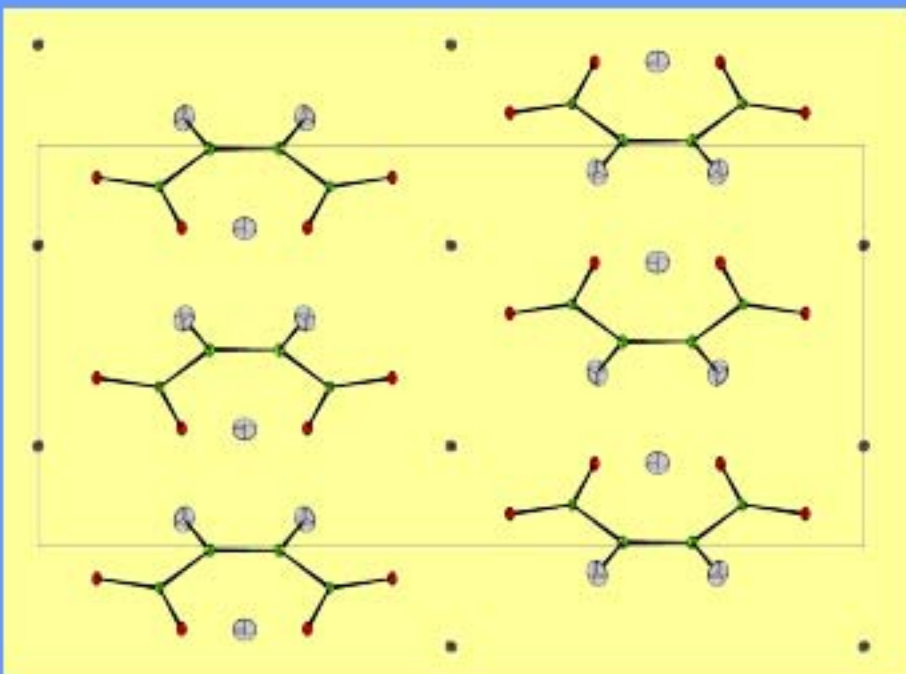


$$E_i = 4000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

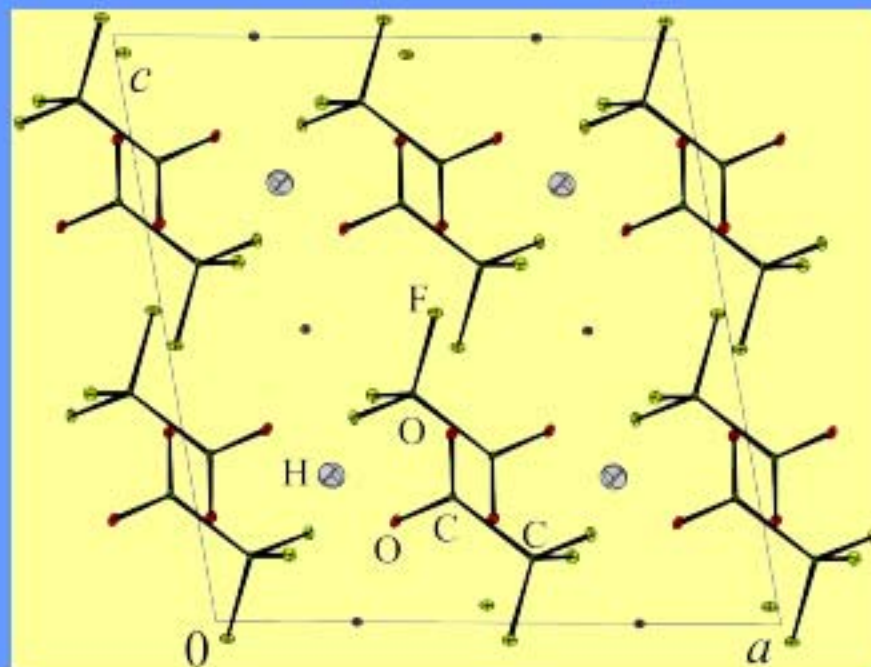
F. Lindemann et al.

NLDD05, Sevilla March 3-4, 2005

KHMaleate

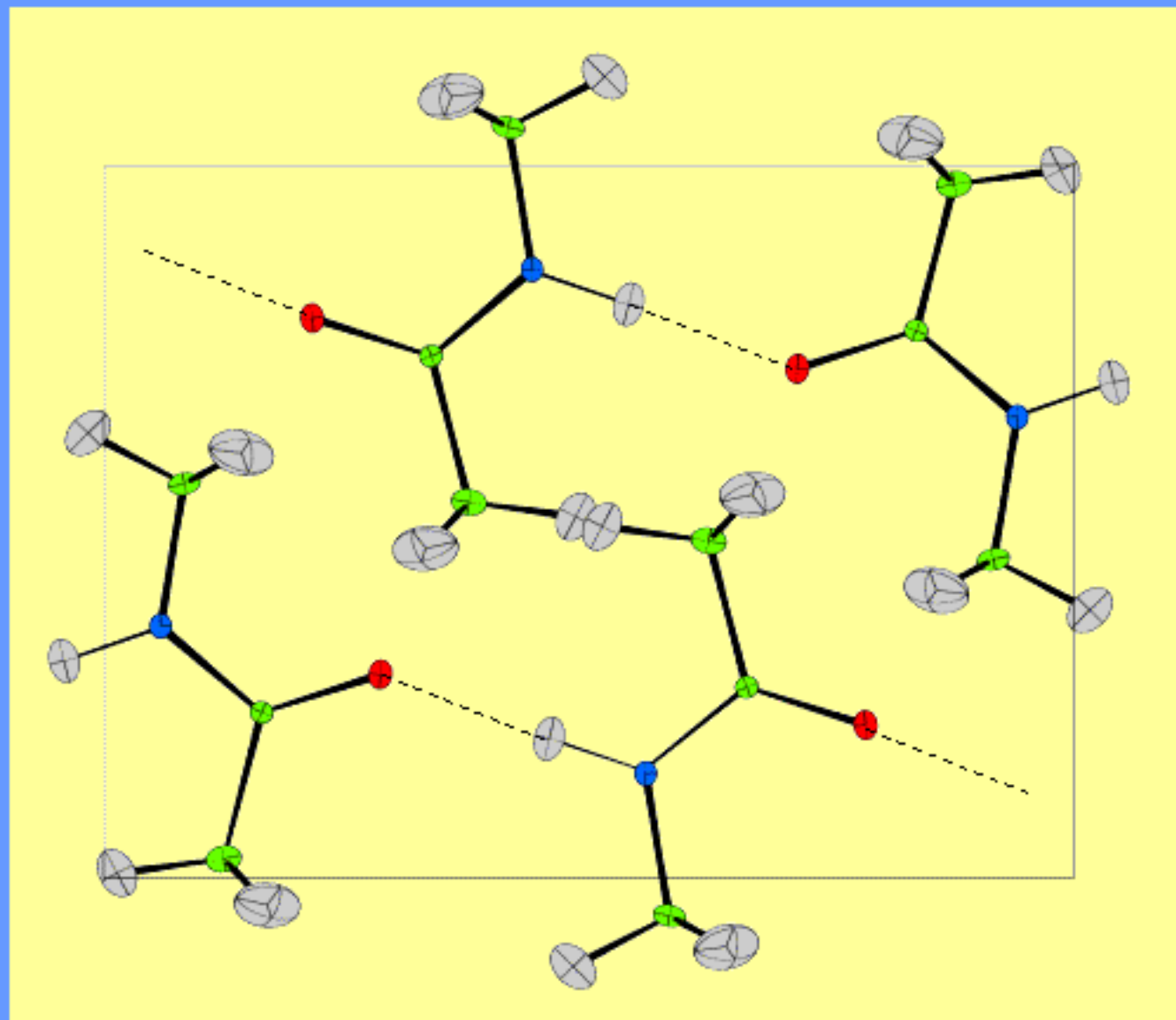


KH(CF₃COO)₂

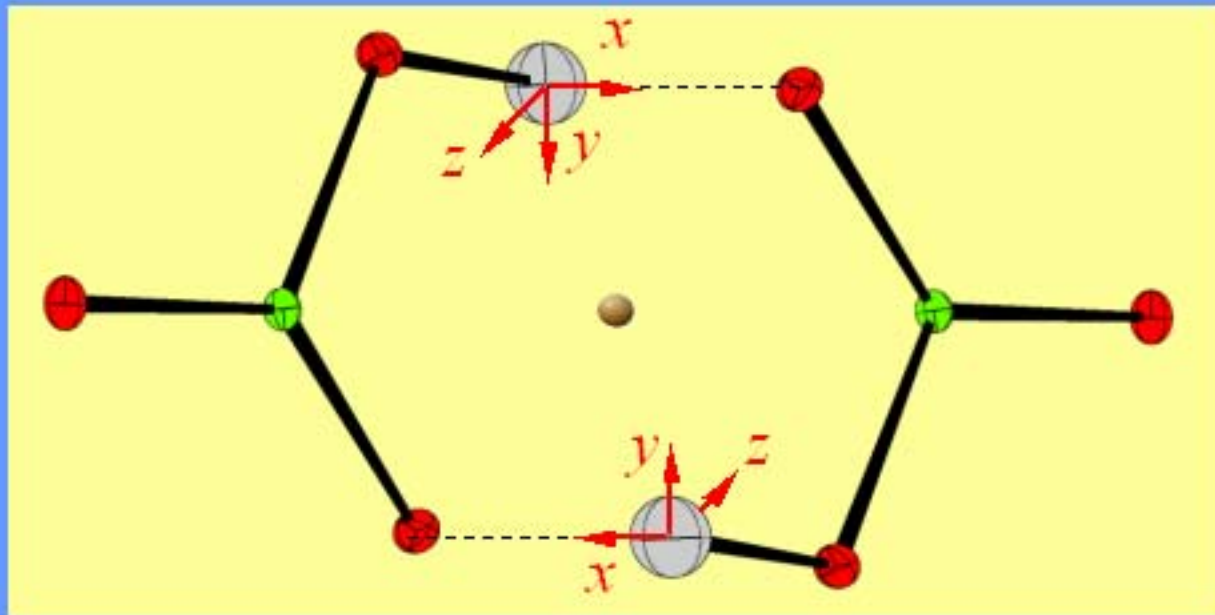


F.Fillaux *et al.*,
Chem.Phys., **244** (1999) 387.

N-methylacetamide CH_3CONH_2



Proton dynamics in centrosymmetric dimers of KHCO_3



$$H = H_H + H_{at} + H_{Hat}$$

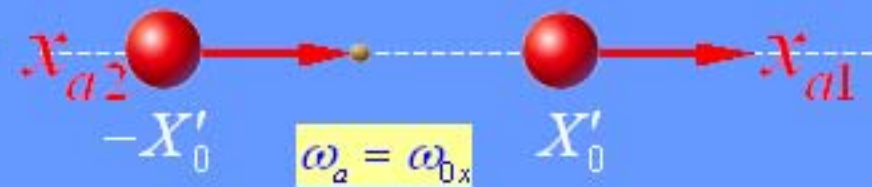
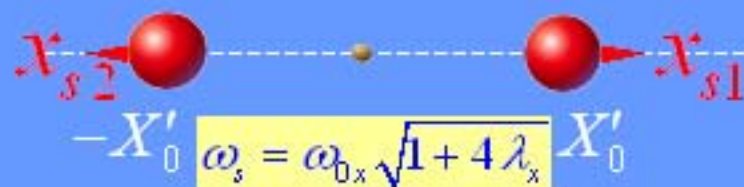
Quantum dynamics of two coupled oscillators



$$H = \frac{1}{2m} (P_1^2 + P_2^2) + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_{0x}^2 \left[(x_1 - X_0)^2 + (x_2 + X_0)^2 + 2 \lambda_x (x_1 - x_2)^2 \right]$$

$$\begin{cases} x_s = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (x_1 + x_2) \\ x_s = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (x_1 - x_2) \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} P_s = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (P_1 + P_2) \\ P_s = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (P_1 - P_2) \end{cases}$$

$$H = \left\{ \frac{P_s^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_0^2 x_s^2 \right\} + \left\{ \frac{P_a^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega_0^2 (1 + 4 \lambda_x) [x_a - \sqrt{2} X'_0]^2 \right\} + m \omega_0^2 X_0^2 \frac{4 \lambda_x}{1 + 4 \lambda_x}$$



$$E_{an,sm} = \left(am + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega_a + \left(sn + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega_s$$

$$\Psi_{an,sm} = \Psi_{an}(x_a) \times \Psi_{sn}(x_s - \sqrt{2} X'_0)$$

Bosons (Deuterons)



Quantum dynamics and spin correlation of two coupled oscillators



Fermions (Protons)

$$\omega_a = \omega_{0x} \quad \text{and} \quad \omega_s = \omega_{0x} \sqrt{1 + 4\lambda_x}$$

$$E_{nm} = \left(am + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega_a + \left(sn + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega_s$$

Pauli Principle



$$\Theta_{0+}(x_1, x_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Psi_{a0}(x_a) \times \left[\Psi_{s0}(x_s - \sqrt{2}X'_0) + \Psi_{s0}(x_s + \sqrt{2}X'_0) \right] \otimes \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle]$$

$$\Theta_{0-}(x_1, x_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Psi_{a0}(x_a) \times \left[\Psi_{s0}(x_s - \sqrt{2}X'_0) - \Psi_{s0}(x_s + \sqrt{2}X'_0) \right] \otimes \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left\{ |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [|\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle] + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle \right\}$$

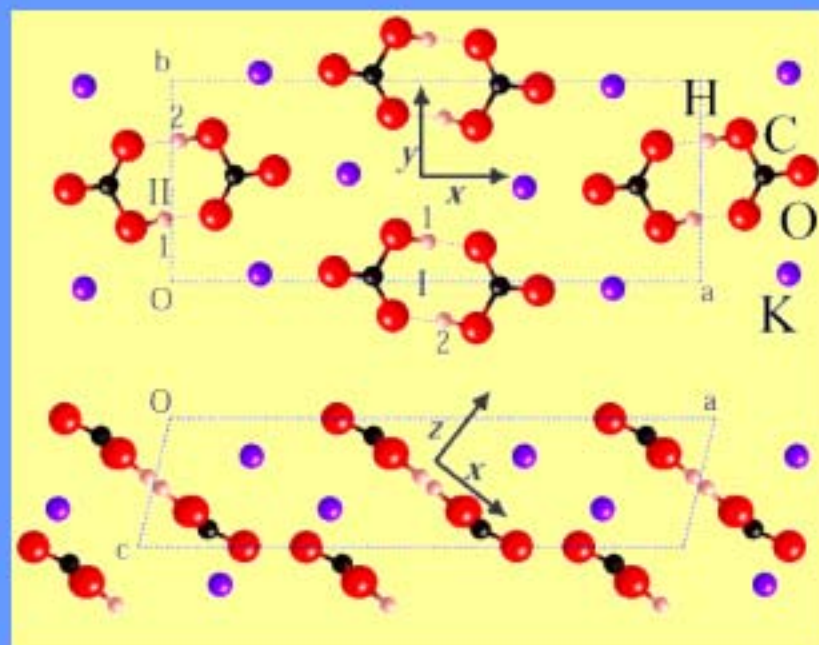
DECOHERENCE-FREE DYNAMICS

1) Entanglement is time-independent:

2) Proton dynamics decoupled from the KCO_3 sublattice

$$H = H_H + H_{at} + H_{Hat}$$

$$H_{Hat} \equiv 0$$



Crystal of protons

$$H_H = \sum_{j=j'=1}^{N_a} \sum_{k=1}^{N_b} \sum_{l=1}^{N_c} \sum_{\alpha} \{H_{jkl\alpha} + H_{j'kl\alpha}\}, \alpha = x, y, z$$

$$|jkl +_{\alpha}\rangle = |\oplus_{jkl,\alpha,0+}\rangle \otimes \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow\rangle$$

$$|jkl -_{\alpha}\rangle = |\oplus_{jkl,\alpha,0-}\rangle \otimes \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left\{ |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |\uparrow\downarrow + \downarrow\uparrow\rangle + |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle \right\}$$

COLLECTIVE DYNAMICS:
Coupled pairs are Bosons

$$|\tau\tau's\rangle = \bigoplus_{j=j',k,l} \left[|jkl\tau\rangle + s|j'kl\tau'\rangle \right]$$



Fermions (Protons): $|\tau\tau's\rangle \equiv 0$

Macroscopic single particle states

H (fermion) sublattice

H degenerate (overlap $\equiv 0$)

H indistinguishable

$$|\tau\tau's\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \left| \sum_l^{N_c} \sum_k^{N_b} \sum_{j=j'=1}^{N_a} \left[|jkl\tau\rangle + s |j'kl\tau'\rangle \right] \right\rangle$$

$$|\Psi\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau', s} |\tau\tau's\rangle$$

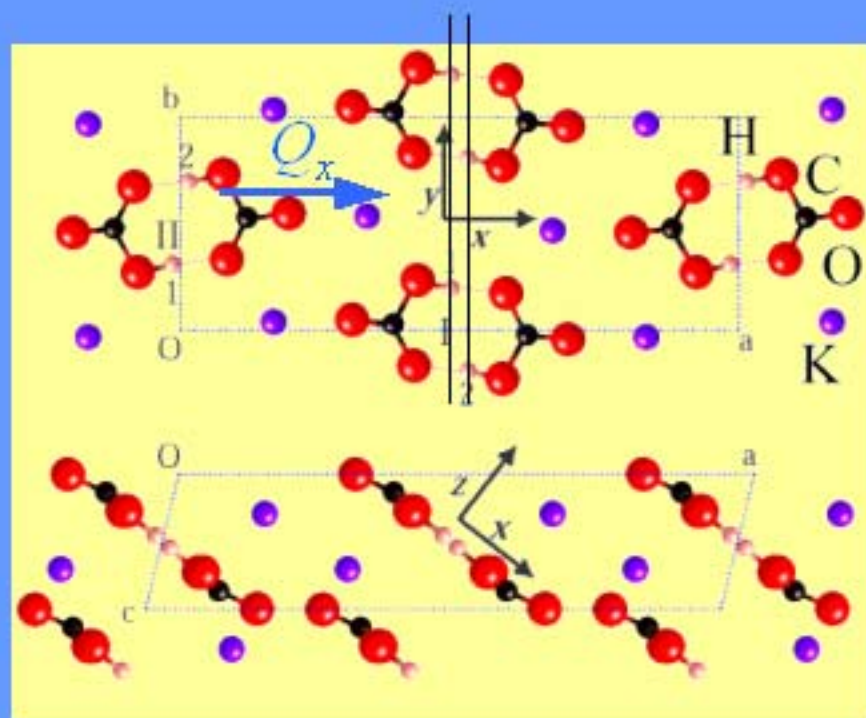
Non locality

Macroscopic quantum entanglement

Decoherence forbidden

Quantum interference arising from macroscopic quantum entanglement:

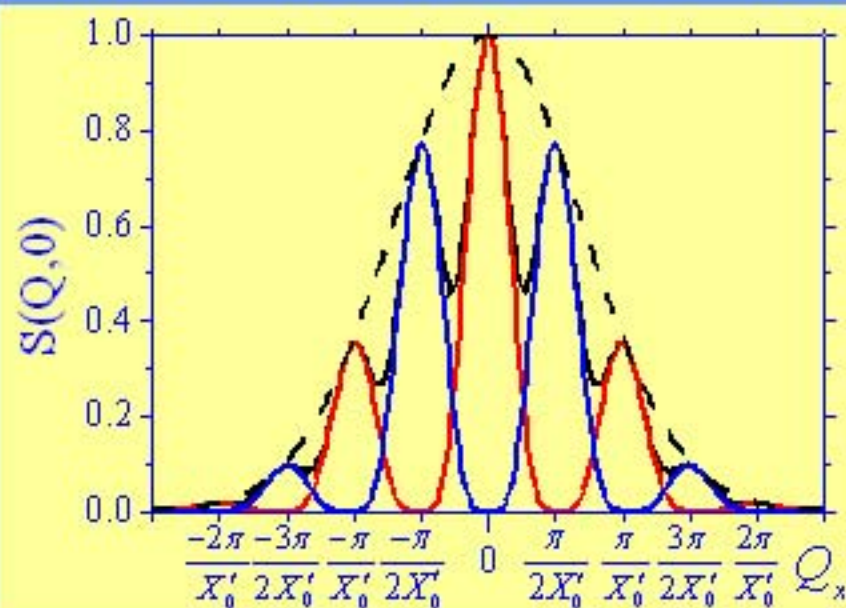
1) Quantum double-slits (1D)



$$T=14\text{ K}$$

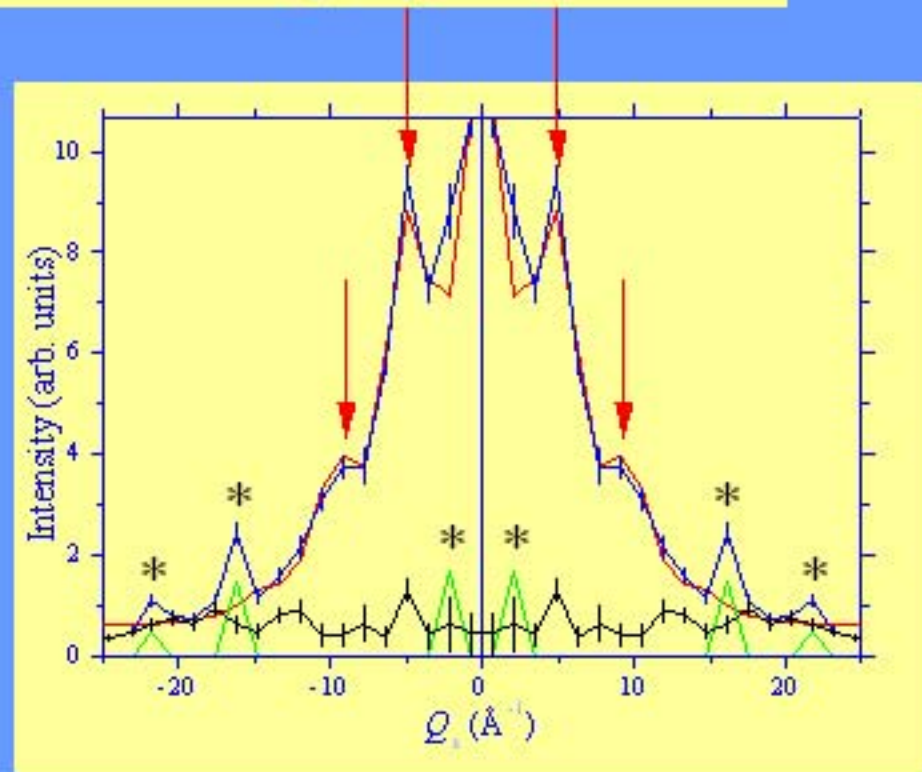
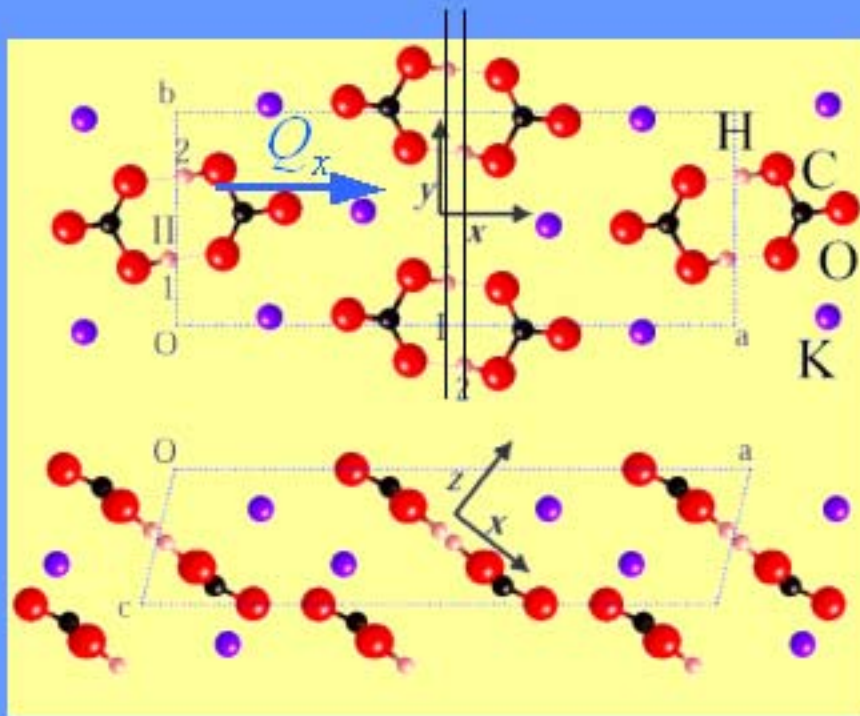
$$a=15.06\text{ \AA}, b=5.57\text{ \AA}, c=3.65\text{ \AA}, \beta=103.97^\circ$$

$$S(Q_x, \omega) = \left[\cos^4(Q_x X'_0) + \sin^4(Q_x X'_0) \right] \times \exp \left[-Q_x^2 \left(\frac{u_{0x}^2}{2\sqrt{1+4\lambda_x}} + \frac{u_{0x}^2}{2} \right) \right] \delta(\omega)$$



Quantum interference arising from macroscopic quantum entanglement:

1) Quantum double-slits (1D)



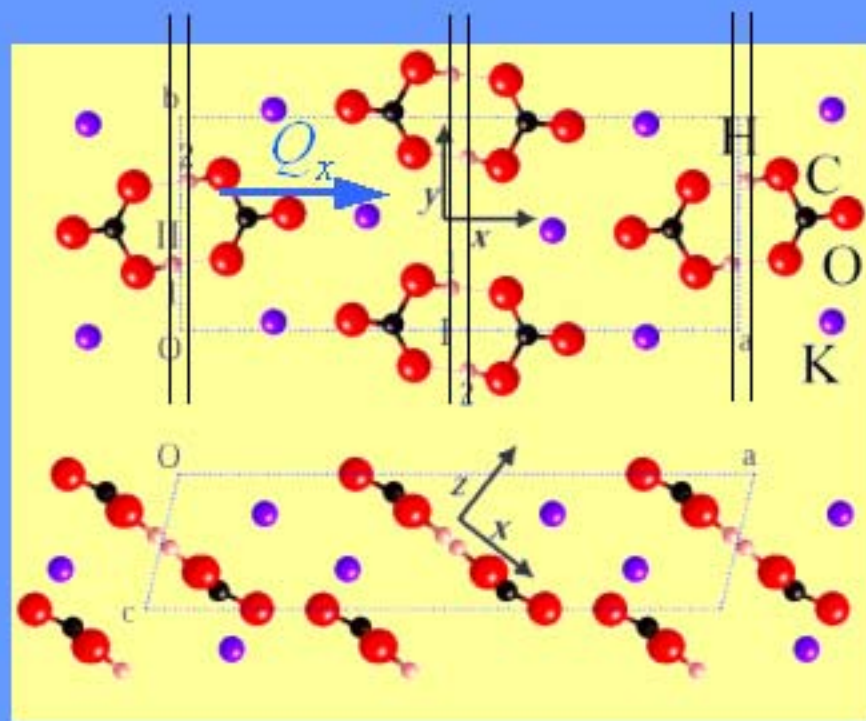
$$T=14\text{ K}$$

$$a=15.06\text{ \AA}, b=5.57\text{ \AA}, c=3.65\text{ \AA}, \beta=103.97^\circ$$

$$X'_0 \approx 0.3\text{ \AA}^0$$

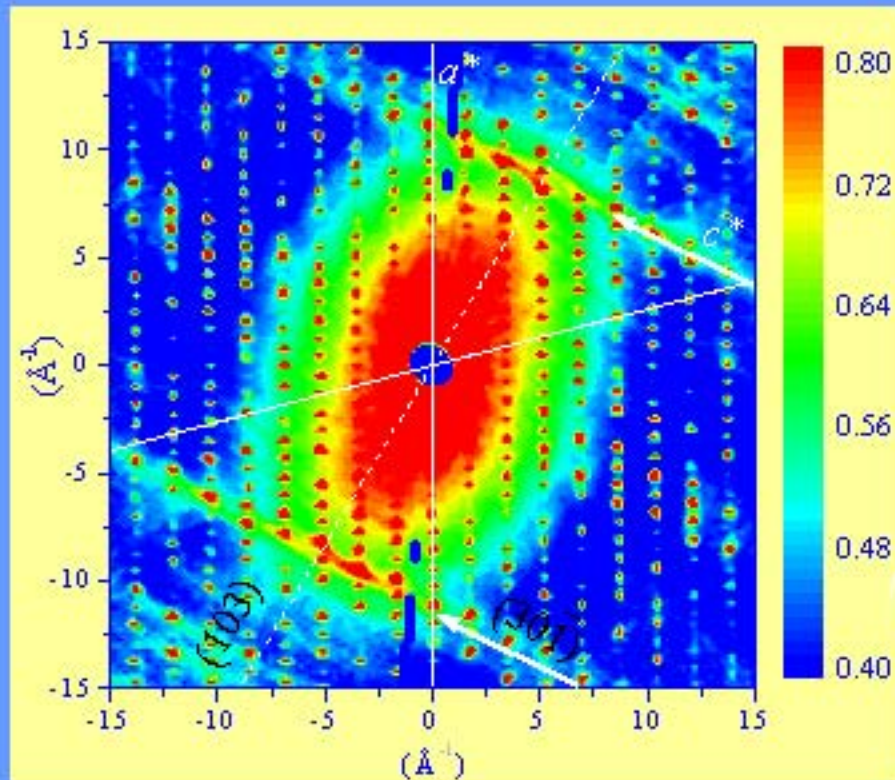
Quantum interference arising from macroscopic quantum entanglement:

2) Quantum grating (2D)

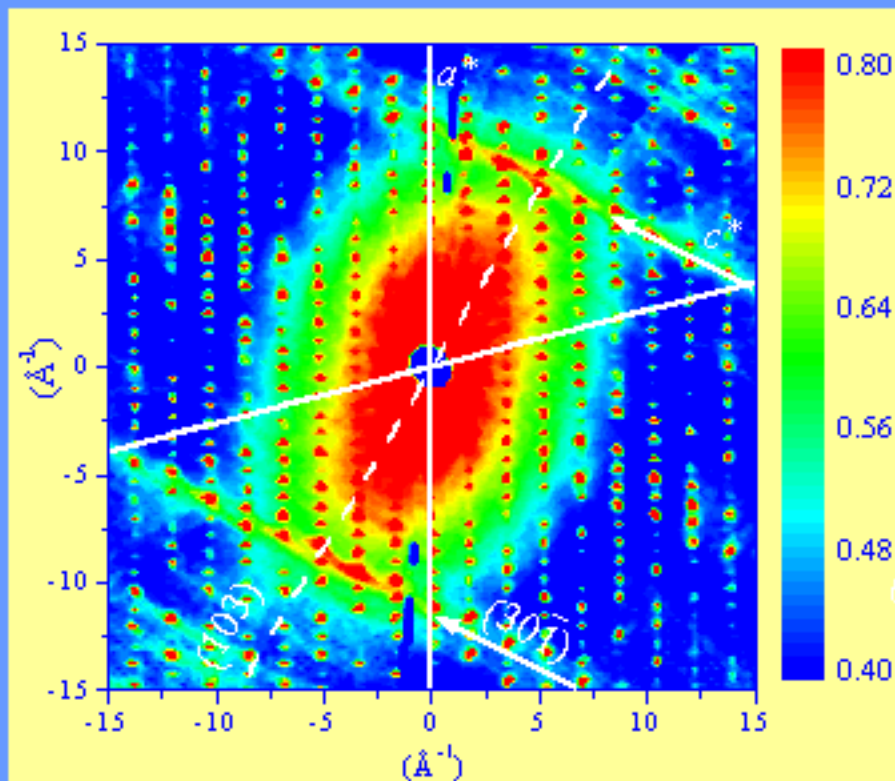


$T=14\text{ K}$

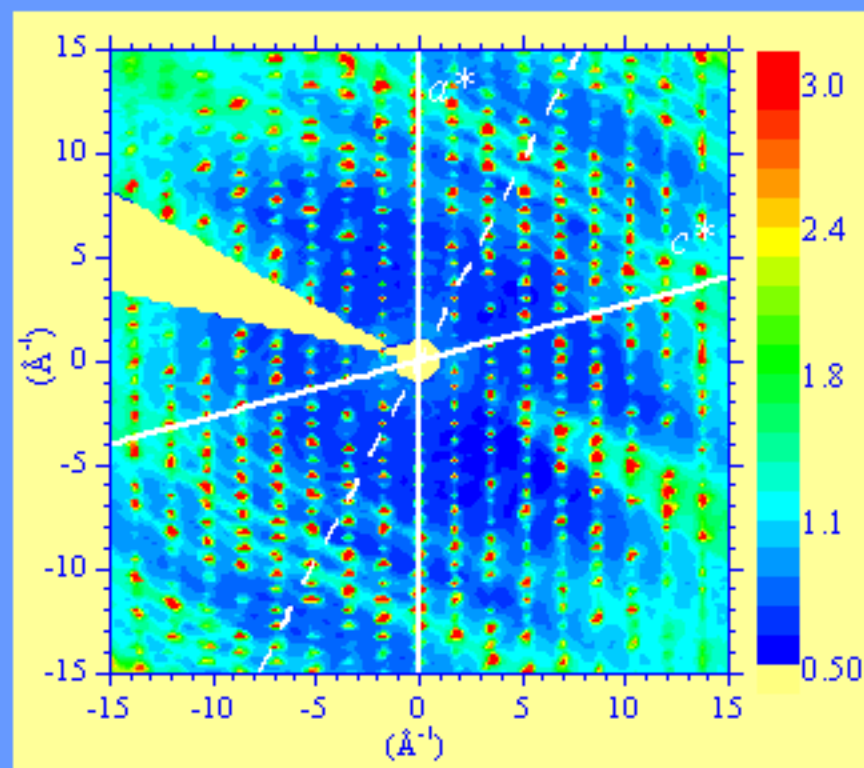
$a = 15.06\text{ \AA}$, $b = 5.57\text{ \AA}$, $c = 3.65\text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 103.97^\circ$



Spatially extended and long-lived quantum coherence of H-oscillators in the KHCO_3 crystal

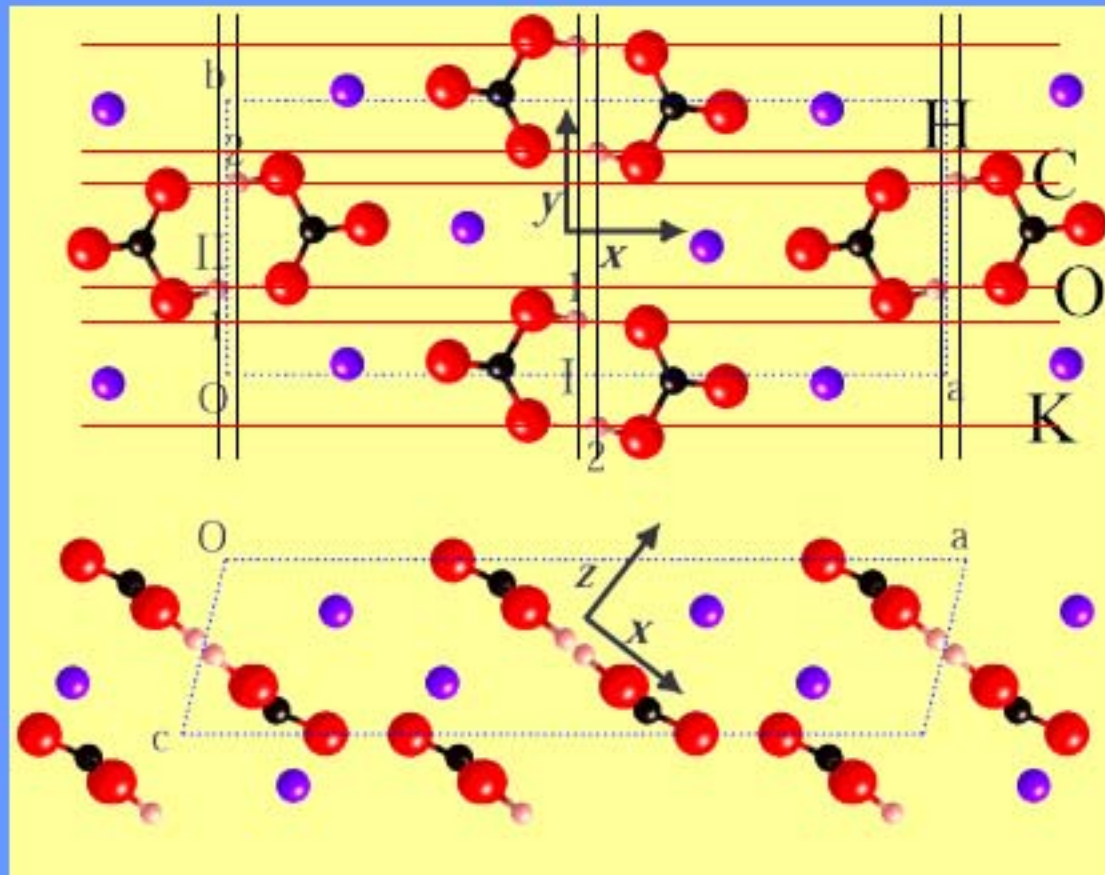


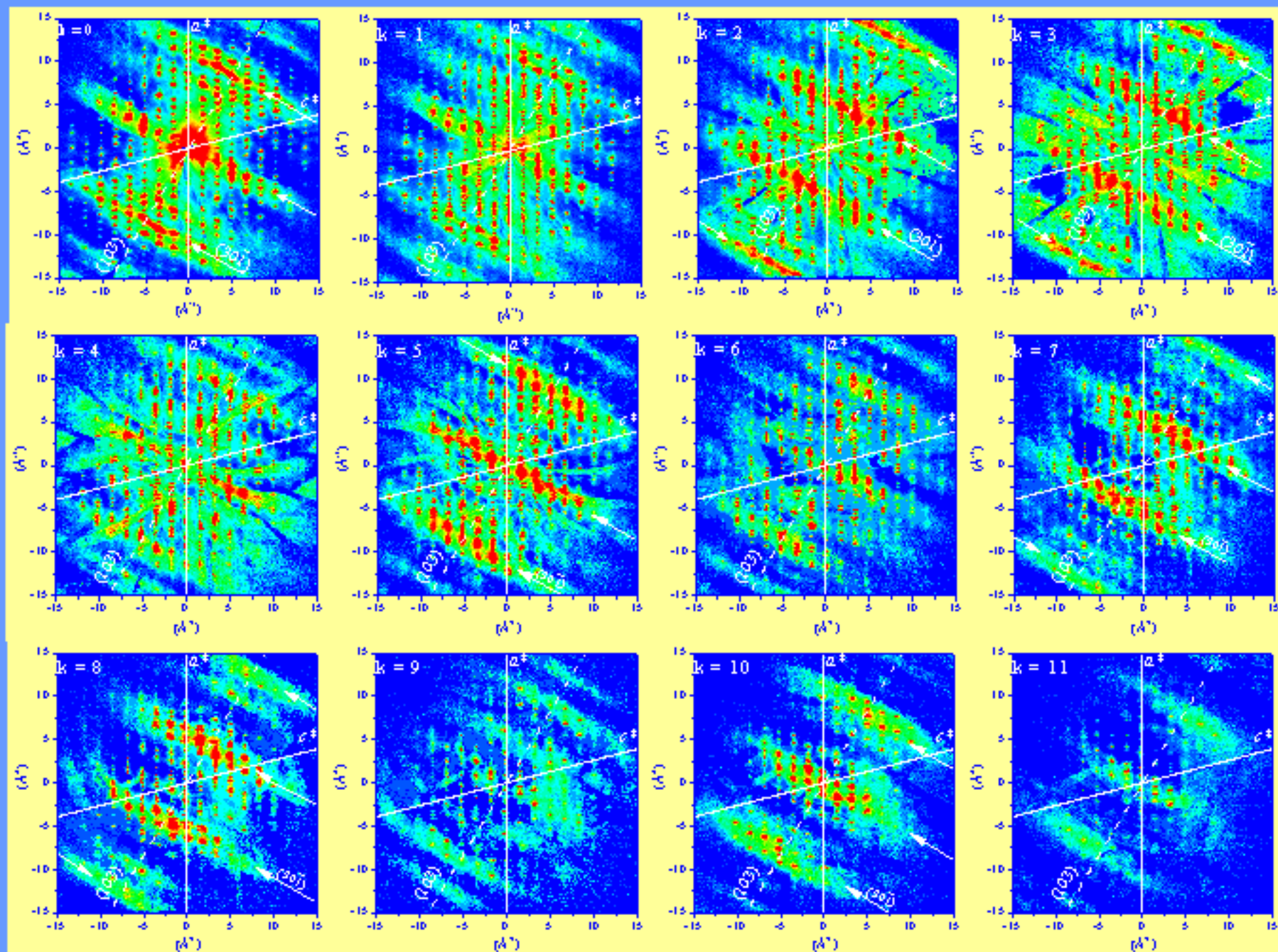
NO spatially extended and long-lived quantum coherence of D-oscillators in the KDCO_3 crystal



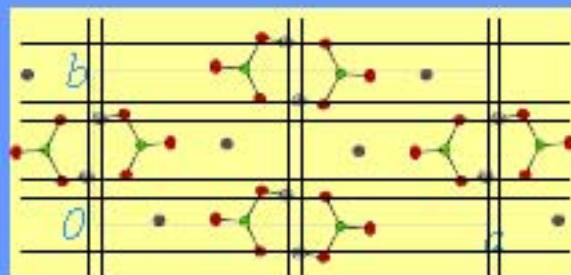
Quantum interference arising from macroscopic
quantum entanglement:

2) Quantum grating (2D)





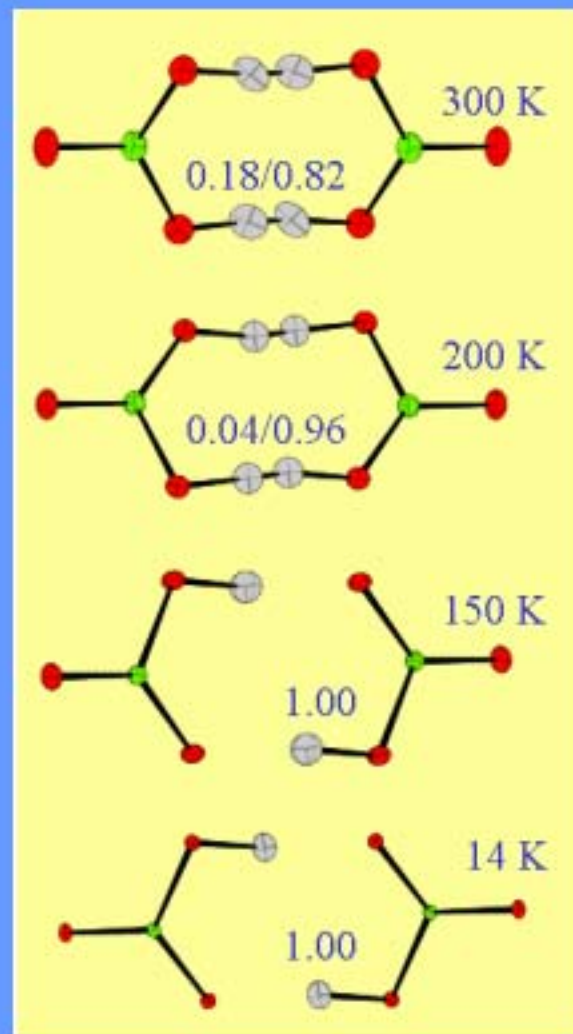
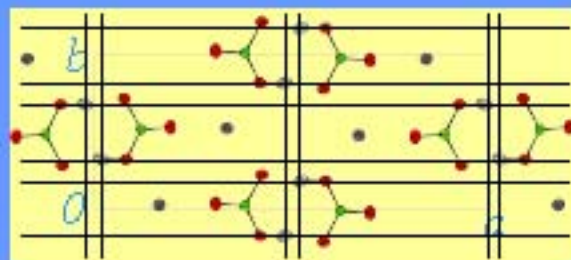
Macroscopic quantum coherence and proton transfer



$$|1\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau'} |\tau \tau' s 1\rangle$$

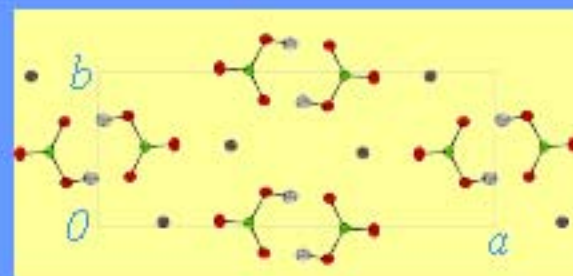
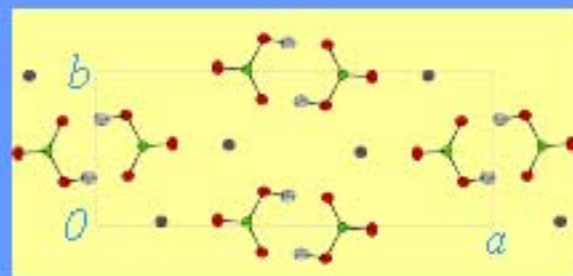


$$|0\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau'} |\tau \tau' s 0\rangle$$

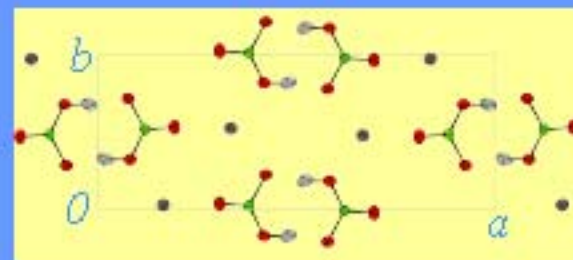
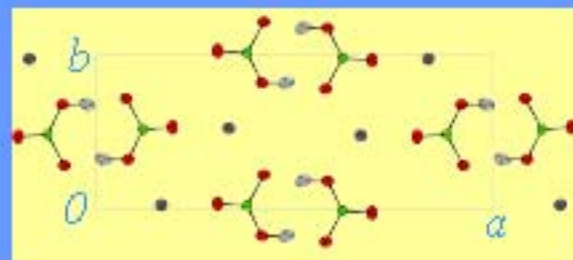
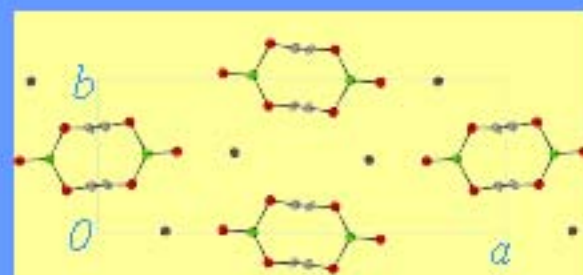
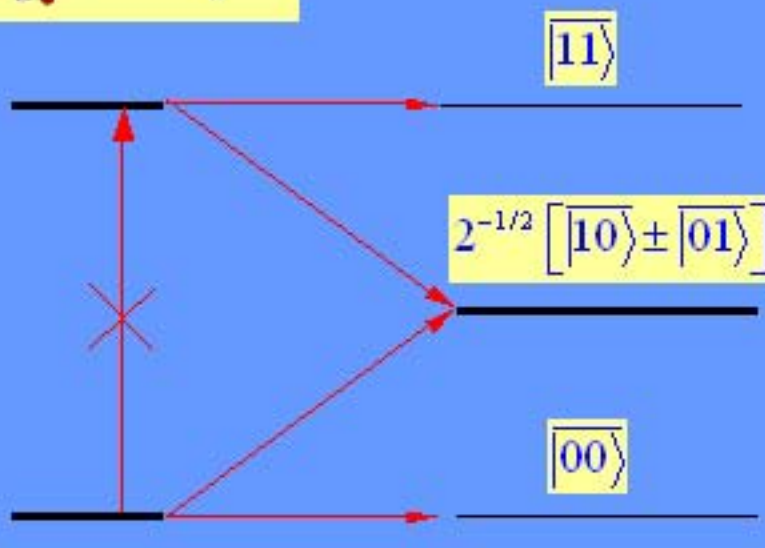


Entangled

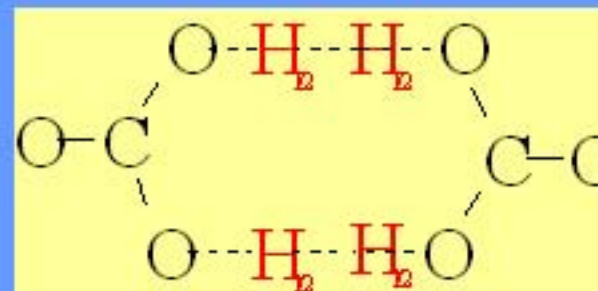
Disentangled



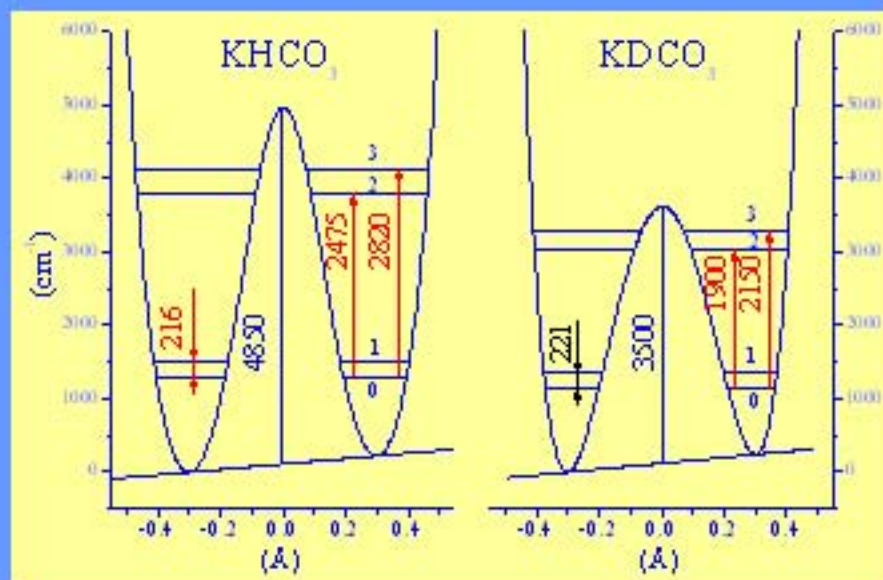
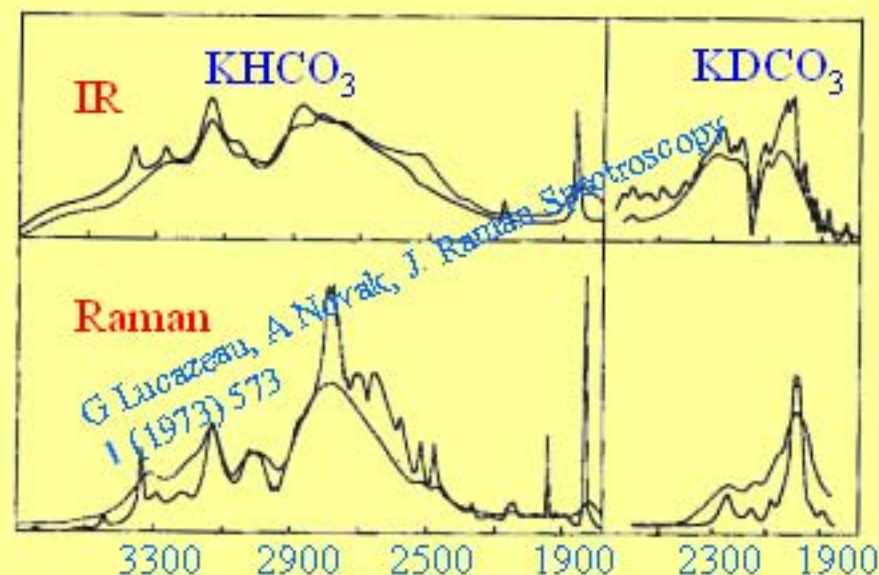
$$|1\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau'} |\tau \tau' s 1\rangle$$



Proton Transfer



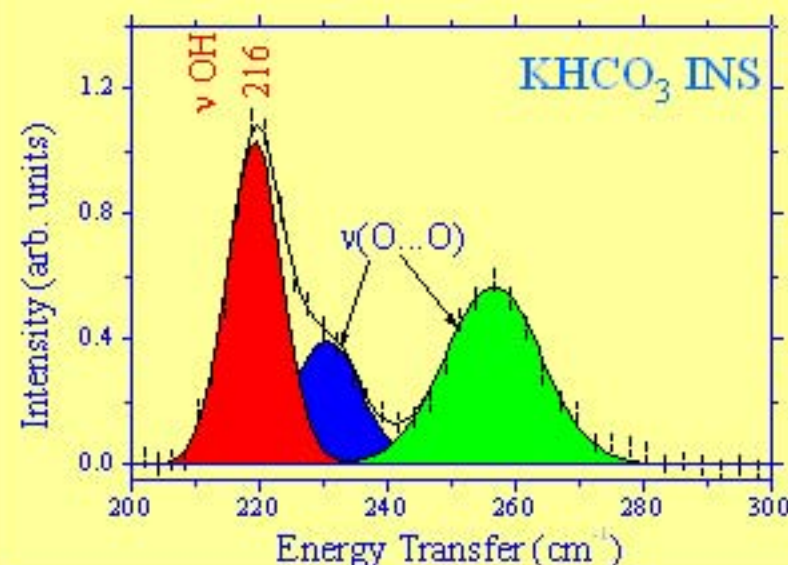
F Fillaux *et al.*, Chem. Phys. **124** (1988) 425



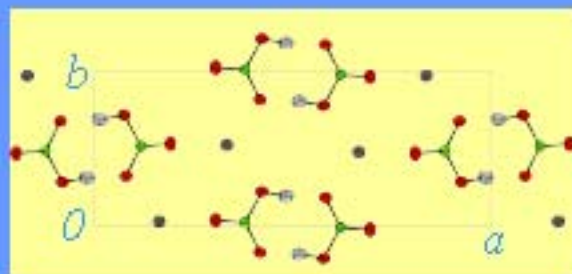
F Fillaux, Chem. Phys. **74** (1983) 405

Fillaux *et al.*

2005, Sevilla March 3-4, 2005

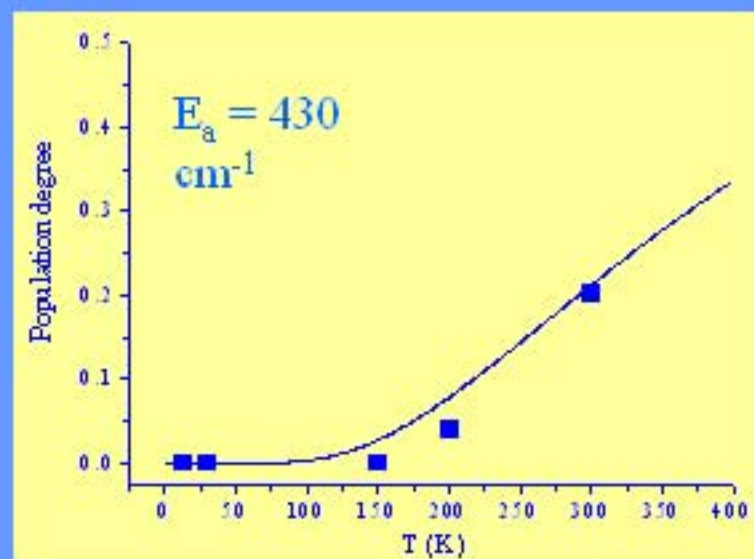
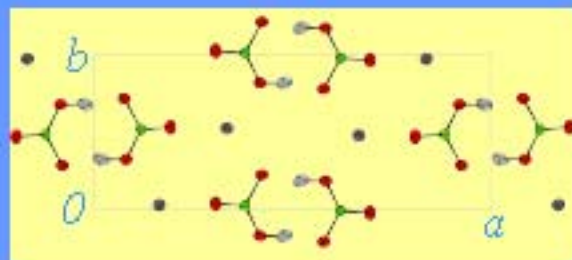


Entangled

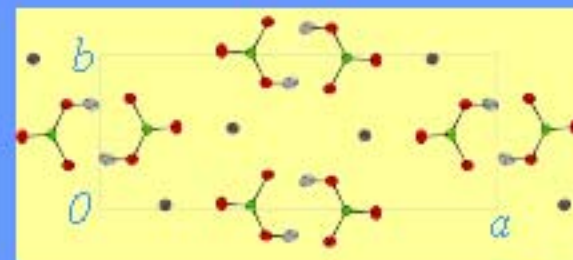
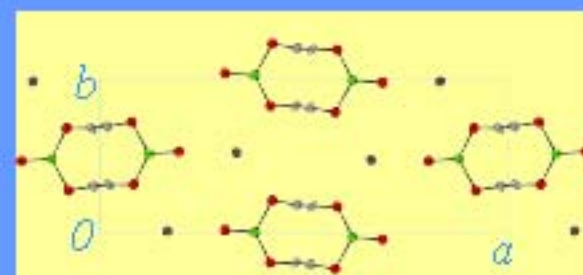
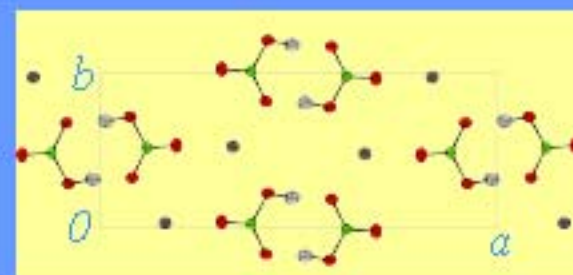
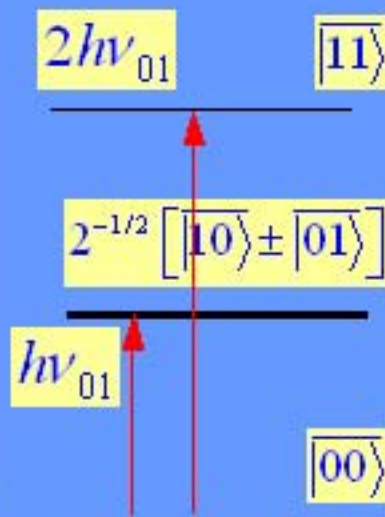
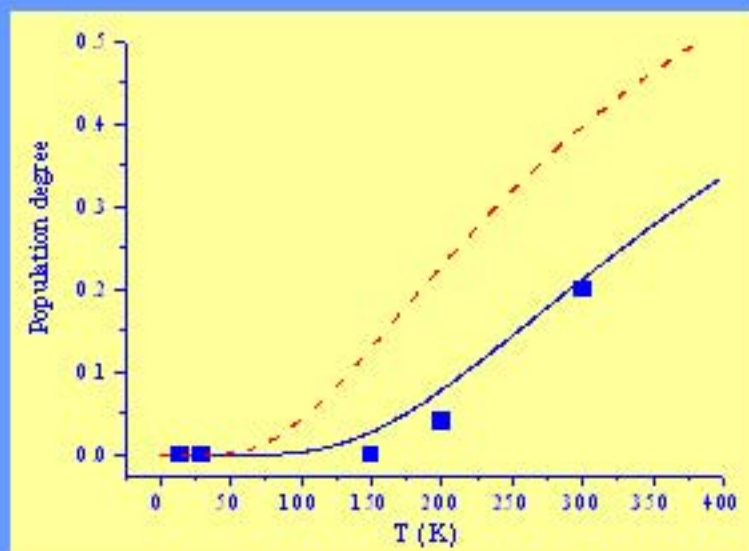


$$|1\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau'} |\tau \tau' s 1\rangle \quad \text{---} \quad 2\hbar\nu_{01}$$

$$|0\rangle = \sqrt{N} \sum_{\tau, \tau'} |\tau \tau' s 0\rangle \quad \text{---}$$



Disentangled



Conclusion

Normal Coordinates Give Rise to Macroscopic
Quantum Entanglement Observed for $\sim 10^{22}$ atoms

Entanglement: No Dynamics
Disentanglement: Nonlocal Dynamics

Decoherence-forbidden states (fermions)
EPR non-locality
Schrödinger's Cat: Superposition of Macroscopically
Distinct Tunnelling States
Quantum Measurement (coherent/incoherent)

THE BORDER TERRITORY

QUANTUM DOMAIN

CLASSICAL DOMAIN



W. H. Zurek, Los Alamos Science, 27 (2002) 2.